#### M1.(a) Reagent

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Acidified} \\ \text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7 \end{array}$ 

Acidified KMnO₄

I<sub>2</sub> / NaOH

Named RCOOH with HCl or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Named RCOCI

# Allow names including potassium permanganate Wrong or no reagent CE = 0

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{P} \mbox{ (ketone)} \\ \mbox{no reaction} \\ \mbox{velow ppt} \\ \mbox{no reaction} \\ \mbox{no reaction} \\ \mbox{no reaction} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{l} Penalise \mbox{ incorrect formulae or incomplete reagent, such as} \\ K_2 C r_2 O_7 \mbox{ or acidified dichromate, but mark on.} \end{array}$ 

1

1

**S** (2<sup>°</sup> alcohol) (orange to) green (purple to) colourless no reaction fruity or sweet smell Misty fumes *Allow no change or nvc but penalise <u>nothing or no</u> <u>observation</u> If 2 reagents added sequentially or 2 different reagents used for P and S then CE = 0* 

(b) Tollens' silver mirror / solid

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1

(c)	G P			
	•	If not P then no marks for clip		1
	5 OR five			1
(d)	$C_4H_{12}Si$	Must be molecular formula		
		Wrong substance $CE = 0$ for clip		1
	Any <b>two</b> fro	om <u>or single</u> peak OR all (four) carbon atoms are equivale onment	ent or one	
	<ul><li>upfiel</li><li>non to</li></ul>	d from others or far away from others or far to right oxic OR inert		1
	• low b	oiling point or volatile or easy removed from sample Ignore and don't credit single peak linked to 12 equiver $\delta = 0$	alent H	
		but use list principle for wrong statements		
				1 1
(e)	Figure 1 is	R If not <b>R</b> cannot score M2		
			M1	1
	90-150 (pp	m) or value in range is (two peaks for) C = C / alkene		1
			M2	1
	Figure 2 is	T		1
			M3	1
	50-90 (ppm	) or value in range is C—O or alcohol or ether		

1

1

M5

(f) U  $H_{3}C - C - C - CH_{3}$  $C_{6}H_{12}O_{6}$   $CH_{3}$  O

Answers include



because V must be an isomer of S

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[1]

M3.(a) (i) Single / one (intense) peak / signal *OR* all H or all C in same environment *OR* 12 equiv H or 4 equiv C

**Do not allow non-toxic or inert (both given in Q)** Any 2 from three Ignore peak at zero

#### OR

Upfield / to the right of (all) other peaks *OR* well away from others *OR* doesn't interfere with other peaks

Ignore cheap Ignore non-polar

## OR

Low bp **OR** volatile **OR** can easily be removed Ignore mention of solubility



1





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(ii) CH<sub>3</sub>—CH<sub>2</sub>—O or with sticks Ignore any group joined on other side of -O-

Ignore any group joined on other side of –( Ignore missing trailing bond Ignore charges as if MS fragment







1

1



1

1



(ii) Check structure has 6 carbons



1

(iii) Check structure has 6 carbons



 M4.(a)
 (i)
 CDCl<sub>3</sub> or CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> or C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub> or CCl<sub>4</sub>

 Not D<sub>2</sub>O Allow CD<sub>3</sub>Cl

(ii) 4 or four

(iii) Triplet or 3 or three

 (iv) <u>1,4-dichloro-2,2-dimethylbutane</u> Do not penalise different or missing punctuation or extra spaces.
 Spelling must be exact and order of letters and numbers as here.

(b) (i) 3 or three

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1

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1

1

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## (ii) 190-220 (cm<sup>-1</sup>)

Allow a single number within the range. **OR** a smaller range entirely within this range.

## (iii) <u>hexane-2,5-dione</u>

Do not penalise different or missing punctuation or extra spaces. Spelling must be exact and order of letters and numbers as here. NB so must have middle e

M5.IR

#### Extended response

Absorption at 3360 cm<sup>-1</sup> shows OH alcohol present Deduction of correct structure without explanation scores maximum of 4 marks as this does not show a clear, coherent line of reasoning.

M1

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1

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#### NMR

There are 4 peaks which indicates 4 different environments of hydrogen Maximum of 6 marks if no structure given OR if coherent logic not displayed in the explanations of how two of OH, CH<sub>3</sub> and CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> are identified.

M2

**M3** 

1

1

The integration ratio = 1.6: 0.4: 1.2: 2.4

The simplest whole number ratio is 4 : 1 : 3 : 6

The singlet (integ 1) must be caused by H in OH alcohol	M4	1
The singlet (integ 3) must be due to a $CH_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ group with no adjacent H	M5	1
Quartet + triplet suggest CH₂CH₃ group	M6	1
Integration 4 and integration 6 indicates two equivalent $CH_2CH_3$ groups	M7	1
СH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>   H <sub>3</sub> CСОН   CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	M8	1
M1 Ester <b>1</b> If Ester 2, can score M3 only.		1
M2 peak at $\delta = 4.1$ due to When marking M2 and M3, check any annotation of structures in the stem at the top of the page.		1

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**M6.**(a)

	M3	( $\delta$ = 4.1 peak is) quartet as <u>adjacent / next to / attached to CH</u> <sub>3</sub>	1
	M4	Other spectrum quartet at $\delta$ = 2.1-2.6 (or value in this range)	1
(b)	M1	<u>Quaternary</u> (alkyl <u>) ammonium salt / bromide</u>	1
	M2	CH₃Br or bromomethane Penalise contradictory formula and name.	1
	М3	Excess ( CH₃Br or bromomethane) Mention of acid eg H₂SO₄ OR alkali eg NaOH loses both M2 and M3.	1
	M4	Nucleophilic substitution Can only score M3 if reagent correct. Ignore alcohol or ethanol (conditions) or Temp.	1

# (c)

Bromine	Acidified KMnO₄
(penalise Br but mark on)	(Penalise missing acid but mark on)

Wrong reagent = no marks.

*If bromine colour stated it must be red, yellow, orange, brown or any combination, penalise wrong starting colour.* 

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Benzene	no reaction / c	no reaction / colour
	olour remains	remains / no (visible)

/ no (visible) change	change

Ignore 'clear', 'nothing'. Allow colour fades slowly. Allow 'nvc' for no visible change.

cyclohexene (Bromine) (Acidified KMnO <sub>4</sub> )	cyclohexene	(Bromine)	(Acidified KMnO₄)
decolourised decolourised		decolourised	decolourised

[11]

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1

M7.C

[1]